

GlenfieldTM

BY RUGER®

The Rifle for Every Hunter



MODEL A RIFLE INSTRUCTION MANUAL

**READ THE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS IN THIS
MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE USING YOUR GLENFIELD
MODEL A RIFLE**

GLENFIELD MODEL A

This instruction manual is designed to assist you in learning how to use and care for your Glenfield Model A rifle properly. Please contact us if you have any questions.

Only when you are certain you fully understand the manual and can properly carry out its instructions should you practice loading, unloading, etc. with live ammunition. If you have any doubts about your ability to handle or use a particular type of firearm safely, you should seek supervised instruction. Such personalized instruction often is available from local firearm retailers, firearm clubs or police departments. If none of these sources can help, visit nra.org to obtain information about where you can receive training.

The person possessing a firearm has a full-time job. You cannot guess; you cannot forget. You must know how to use your firearm safely. Do not use any firearm without having a complete understanding of its particular characteristics and safe use. Remember: There is no such thing as a foolproof firearm.

FIREARMS SAFETY IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY

SAFETY MUST BE THE FIRST AND CONSTANT CONSIDERATION OF EVERY PERSON WHO HANDLES FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION

GENERAL INFO & MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The Model A rifle is a bolt-action, magazine fed, repeating rifle. The receiver of the Model A rifle is fitted with a Picatinny scope base that readily accepts compatible scope rings, scope mounts, and optics.

Other notable features of the Model A rifle include: a user-adjustable trigger; two-position tang safety; a fast lock-time fire control mechanism; a detachable magazine; a patented bedding system; and sling swivel studs.



WARNING

Alterations

This product was designed to function properly in its original condition. Alterations can make it unsafe. Do not alter any part or add or substitute parts or accessories not made or sold by Sturm, Ruger & Co., Inc.

NOMENCLATURE

Model A rifles are offered in a variety of colors and configurations. The images here and those used throughout the manual are representative and meant for illustrative purposes. The aesthetics, features and configuration of your rifle may vary from what is represented here.



The bolt stop (on the left side of the receiver) permits the bolt to be withdrawn simply by pressing in on the rear of the bolt stop.



In this photograph the firing pin back is shown cocked (protruding from the rear of the bolt sleeve).

LOCKING DEVICES



WARNING

Use Of Locking Device

- Always keep your firearm pointed in a safe direction, including when you are installing or removing your locking device.
- Always verify that your firearm is completely unloaded before installing your locking device.
- Do not install locking devices in the trigger guard; always keep your fingers and locking device outside the trigger guard during device installation and removal.
- Store firearms, ammunition and keys separately and securely, away from children and unauthorized adults; do not store your firearm with the keys in the locking device.
- Do not attempt to work the action of your firearm with the locking device in place; this may damage your firearm.
- While locking devices are an important aid to security measures, they are not a substitute for safe firearm handling and proper storage. Remember that any mechanical device can be bypassed with enough time, knowledge, determination and equipment.

To Install the Factory-Supplied Locking Device:

1. Place the safety in the "SAFE" position if the firing pin back is cocked.
2. Remove the magazine by pressing the magazine latch and pulling the magazine down and out of the rifle.
3. Open the action completely by drawing the bolt fully to the rear.
4. Be sure the firearm is completely unloaded by carefully inspecting the chamber to be sure that any cartridge has been extracted and removed from the rifle!
5. Remove the bolt from the rifle. See the "[Disassembly](#)" section of this manual.
6. Apply the lock directly to your Model A rifle as shown in image below.

7. To lock: Turn the key to the farthest clockwise position and insert the loose end of the cable into the padlock. Turn the key counterclockwise and remove it from the lock.
8. Once the lock is securely closed, pull firmly on the lock to test the connection and be sure it is locked. Do not leave or store your firearm with the key in the lock! Store your locked unloaded firearm and the key in secure, separate locations, away from ammunition, children, and unauthorized adults.



Correct installation of the lock on a Model A rifle.

OPERATION OF THE SAFETY

The Model A rifle features a two-position tang safety. The safety selector is located behind the bolt sleeve. The safety selector can only be moved from the "FIRE" position to the "SAFE" position when the firing pin is cocked. The firing pin can be cocked by fully raising the bolt handle. When it is cocked, the firing pin back will protrude from the bolt shroud. (See Safety 1.) With the rifle unloaded, practice moving the safety selector between the two positions until you know the position of the safety selector for the two modes – "FIRE" and "SAFE." (See Safety 2 & 3.)

WARNING: WHEN MANIPULATING THE SAFETY SELECTOR, KEEP YOUR FINGERS OUTSIDE THE TRIGGER GUARD! WHEN THE SAFETY SELECTOR IS IN THE "FIRE" POSITION AND THE TRIGGER IS PULLED, THE RIFLE WILL FIRE. THE SAFETY SELECTOR SHOULD ALWAYS BE IN THE "SAFE" POSITION EXCEPT WHEN THE FIREARM USER IS ACTUALLY FIRING THE RIFLE. THE SAFETY SELECTOR SHOULD ALWAYS BE MOVED TO THE "SAFE" POSITION WHEN THE FIREARM USER CEASES FIRING AND REMAIN IN THE "SAFE" POSITION WHEN LOADING AND UNLOADING THE RIFLE.

FIRING PIN BACK



Safety 1: When rifle is cocked, the firing pin back will protrude from the bolt shroud.



Safety 2: The safety selector in the "FIRE" (fully forward) position. The safety selector should be moved to this position only when the firearm user is actually firing the rifle. When the safety selector is in the "FIRE" position, it is referred to as being "off."



Safety 3: The safety selector in the "SAFE" (fully rearward) position. When the safety selector is in this position, the bolt handle can be raised. Keep the safety selector in this position except when actually firing. When the safety is in the "SAFE" position, it is referred to as being "on."

If the safety does not function properly, or if the selector seems to move too easily, or if the safety selector does not seem firmly positioned in either the "SAFE" or "FIRE" position, the rifle should be discontinued from use and returned to the [Customer Service Department](#) for repair.



WARNING

Keep the safety selector in the "SAFE" position unless actually firing. Always move the safety fully to its intended position and verify the position visually. The safety has two positions – "SAFE" and "FIRE." Never depend on a safety mechanism or any other mechanical device to justify careless handling or permitting the rifle to point in an unsafe direction. The only "safe" rifle is one in which the bolt is open and the chamber and magazine are empty.

AMMUNITION BASICS

The Model A rifle is chambered for many of the most popular factory-loaded cartridges manufactured in accordance with U.S. industry practice. The particular caliber for each rifle is marked on the barrel. Use only factory ammunition in good condition that is compatible with the caliber of your rifle, as designated on the barrel. Please see the section on [Loading and Unloading](#) for more information on safely loading and unloading your firearm.



WARNING

Ammunition

Use only new, factory ammunition of the correct caliber loaded to U.S. industry standards.

Death, serious injury, and damage can result from the wrong ammunition, bore obstructions, powder overloads or incorrect cartridge components. Even the strongest firearm can be blown up by excess pressure. Always wear shooting glasses and hearing protection.

**IMPROPER AMMUNITION
DESTROYS FIREARMS**

NOTICE: WE SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIM RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY DAMAGE OR INJURY WHATSOEVER OCCURRING IN CONNECTION WITH, OR AS A RESULT OF, THE USE IN ANY GLENFIELD FIREARM, OF FAULTY, NON-STANDARD, "REMANUFACTURED," OR HAND-LOADED (RELOADED) AMMUNITION, OR OF CARTRIDGES OTHER THAN THOSE FOR WHICH THE FIREARM WAS ORIGINALLY CHAMBERED.



WARNING

Lead Exposure

Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning firearms, or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to the State of California to cause birth defects, reproductive harm, and other serious physical injury. Have adequate ventilation at all times. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

LOADING AND UNLOADING

Practice the important aspects of firearm handling described below **with an unloaded rifle** until you can perform each of the steps with skill and confidence. Before loading the rifle, please read completely through this manual, and always be certain the muzzle is pointing in a safe direction. Do not load the rifle until you are ready to use it!

(The following procedure assumes a new rifle with the bolt removed).

1. Keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. ([Safe Handling Step 2](#))
2. [Position the safety selector in the "SAFE" position](#)
3. Insert the bolt in the receiver in accordance with the ["To Replace Bolt"](#) instructions
4. Lift the bolt handle and draw the bolt fully to the rear.



WARNING

Loading

Know the caliber of the rifle you are loading and load only cartridges compatible with that caliber into it!

Before loading, be certain the primer of each cartridge is seated flush with, or below, the surface of the cartridge case base. A cartridge discharged by the closing of the bolt can result in possible serious injury to the shooter and those nearby.

If a cartridge does not chamber readily, do not force it. Check the bore and chamber to be certain that each cartridge is the proper caliber and of correct dimensions. If you cannot determine why the cartridge will not fit, clear the rifle of all cartridges and write or call the Customer Service Department.

The wrong ammunition can destroy your firearm and result in serious injury.

Loading The Magazine:

Ensure the safety selector is in the "SAFE" position. The rifle may be loaded with the bolt in the open (fully to the rear) or closed position, but loading in the open position is the preferred method because the chamber condition can be readily and continually determined, and it requires less force to insert a loaded magazine into the rifle.

Press the magazine latch and pull the magazine down and out of the rifle. Load the desired number of cartridges into the top of the magazine. Insert the magazine into the bottom of the rifle until the magazine latches into place (a click will be heard).

NOTE: Use only as much force as is necessary to seat the magazine in the magazine well - using excess force may result in over-insertion of the magazine and cause damage and/or feeding issues.

Loading The Chamber:

The safety selector should be in the "SAFE" position if the firing pin is cocked. Do not chamber a cartridge until you are ready to shoot immediately. After inserting the magazine, push the bolt handle forward (or cycle the bolt if the bolt was closed when the magazine was inserted). This will strip a cartridge from the magazine and push the cartridge ahead of the bolt into the chamber. Close the bolt handle fully downward and move the safety selector fully rearward to the "SAFE" position if the firing pin was not previously cocked. If you would like to "top off" the magazine, you may remove it, load an additional cartridge, and reinsert the magazine into the rifle.

NOTE: With the bolt closed and a full magazine inserted, more force may be necessary to fully seat the magazine.



WARNING

Handling

Never carry a loaded rifle with the safety selector in the "FIRE" position. If dropped or struck with the safety "off", the rifle may fire. Such a discharge can occur with or without the trigger being directly struck or touched. Never rest a loaded rifle against any object (wall, fence, vehicle, tree, etc.) because there is always the possibility that the rifle will be jarred or slide from its position and fall with sufficient force to discharge. Keep the safety "ON" unless actually firing.

ANY FIREARM MAY FIRE IF DROPPED

WARNING: DO NOT TOUCH THE TRIGGER UNTIL YOU ARE ACTUALLY READY TO FIRE THE RIFLE.

To Single-load:

Ensure the safety selector is in the "SAFE" position. Place a cartridge directly into the chamber and close the bolt.

NOTE: THE RIFLE WILL FIRE IF A CARTRIDGE IS IN THE CHAMBER AND THE TRIGGER IS PULLED, WHETHER OR NOT A MAGAZINE IS INSERTED. NEVER RELY UPON THE PRESENCE OF THE MAGAZINE TO DETERMINE IF THE RIFLE IS LOADED. ALWAYS CHECK THE CHAMBER!

To Fire The Rifle:

When a cartridge is chambered and the rifle is pointed in a safe direction, put the safety in the “FIRE” position. Pulling (squeezing) the trigger will discharge the cartridge. Always be certain that you know where the bullet will strike when you fire the rifle. Never allow the thumb to touch the back of the firing pin when firing, as it can be pinched when the back of the firing pin moves forward to fire the rifle.

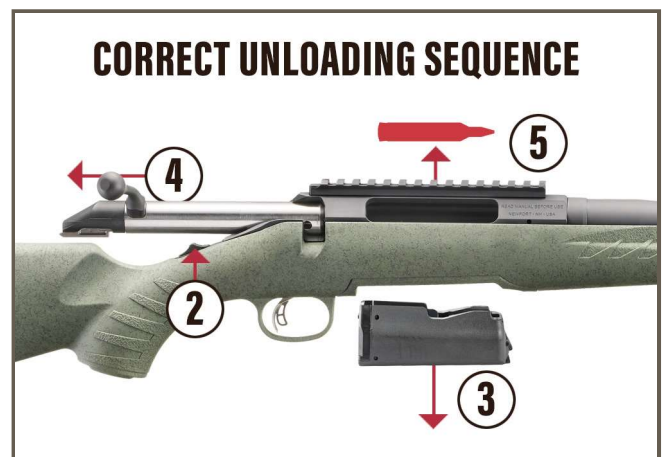
WARNING

Firing

When firing any firearm, be sure that bystanders are well clear of the shooter and standing a safe distance to the rear. Empty cartridge cases are hot and are normally ejected from the rifle to the right. They could cause injury to any person who is standing too closely alongside the shooter. Shooters who fire right-handed rifles from their left shoulder should be particularly cautious when cycling the bolt and ejecting cartridges or spent cartridge cases.

To Unload Rifle and Magazine:

1. Ensure the rifle is pointed in a safe direction.
2. Move the safety selector to the “SAFE” position if the firing pin is cocked.
3. Remove the magazine by pressing the magazine latch rearward and pull the magazine down and out of the rifle.
4. Lift the bolt handle fully and then pull it completely to the rear to eject the chambered cartridge (if present).
5. Leave the bolt open while you visually inspect the chamber to be certain it is empty.
6. Once you are certain the chamber is empty, close the bolt fully.
7. Move the safety selector to the “FIRE” position and with the rifle pointed in a safe direction, pull the trigger.



WARNING

Unloading

Removing the magazine or removing cartridges from the magazine does not prevent the rifle from being fired! When there is a cartridge in the chamber and the safety selector is in the "FIRE" position, the rifle will fire if the trigger is pulled. It is essential for the user to know how to completely unload the rifle. "Completely" means emptying the magazine and removing a chambered cartridge. **The safety selector should always be in the "SAFE" position when the rifle is being unloaded.** Review the "[Operation of Safety](#)." section of this manual.

FIREARM WILL FIRE WITH MAGAZINE OUT OR WITH EMPTY MAGAZINE

PREVENTING MALFUNCTIONS

Firearms of all makes and types are susceptible to occasional malfunctions resulting in a cartridge not feeding from the magazine to the chamber or a cartridge or fired case not being extracted and ejected.

To minimize the possibility of such occurrences, the firearm user should:

- Use ammunition of the correct caliber and type loaded to U.S. Industry Specifications.
- Do not use cartridges that are deformed or cartridges that have been reloaded.
- Clean and lubricate the firearm in accordance with the instructions in this manual.
- Learn how to correctly operate the bolt and how to properly load and empty the chamber and magazine.
- If the mechanism shows signs of not functioning correctly, or if a part is damaged or broken – don't use the rifle. Have it inspected and repaired.

For most repairs, we recommend that Model A rifles be returned to the factory. However, if a firearm has a cartridge in it that cannot be removed, then it is a violation of Federal Regulations to ship that loaded firearm whether it be by U.S. Mail or by common carrier. In this case contact our Customer Service Department at 336- 949-5200.

CLEARING MALFUNCTIONS

IF A JAM OR MALFUNCTION OCCURS, IMMEDIATELY PUT THE SAFETY SELECTOR IN THE "SAFE" POSITION IF THE FIRING PIN IS COCKED AND BE CERTAIN THE MUZZLE OF THE RIFLE IS AT ALL TIMES POINTING IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

If a jam or malfunction occurs, use the guide below to study the situation and determine the nature of the jam and how best to clear it:

- If possible, first remove the magazine first. It may be necessary to manually remove a jammed cartridge which has only partially been stripped from the magazine. If so, use extreme care.
- If the misfire is the result of a cartridge not firing or an unusual report (either louder or quieter than normal), keep the rifle pointed in a safe direction for at least 30 seconds prior to retracting the bolt.
- If a cartridge or fired case is caught between the bolt and the barrel, or against a cartridge that is in the chamber, remove the magazine. Then, retract the bolt fully and remove the jammed cartridge or case.
- If a cartridge is "stuck" in the chamber, do not use any tool that could act as a "firing pin" by impacting the primer and discharging the cartridge
- After clearing a jam, inspect the firearm mechanism to determine if dirt might be the cause of the problem. Excess lubricant or grease can cause cartridges to feed sluggishly or fail to extract. An accumulation of grease or dirt on the face of the bolt, under the extractor, in the chamber, or in the magazine can contribute to cartridge feeding problems. See section on "[Care and Cleaning](#)"
- After clearing a jam, inspect all cartridges and fired cases that have been removed from the firearm. Safely dispose of any cartridges that are in any way damaged.
- If it appears that the rifle is not at fault and that the jam was caused by the type of cartridge being used, then try another type.
- Examine your fired cartridge cases. If they have split, blown, or bulged case heads, stop using that ammunition and promptly return the rifle to the factory for examination.
- If the above procedures do not result in a smooth and reliable feeding firearm, don't use the rifle. The Model A rifle can be returned directly to our Customer Service Department for inspection and repair, if required. See the "[Service and Parts Policy](#)" section of the manual for packing and shipping information.



WARNING

Malfunctions

If a cartridge hangs up, jams, or binds when being chambered or when being fed from the magazine into the chamber, do not attempt to force it into the chamber by pushing or striking the bolt handle.

Failures of a cartridge to feed or to chamber properly are typically caused by improper loading of the magazine or ammunition that is incorrect or defective.

Whatever the cause, the firearm user must, above all, recognize that jams can result in the potentially very dangerous situation of a cartridge discharging before it is chambered. If this occurs, the cartridge case will rupture and its fragments will fly out of the firearm with sufficient force to cause injury. Always wear shooting glasses and hearing protection!

STRIKING PRIMER CAN BURST CARTRIDGE

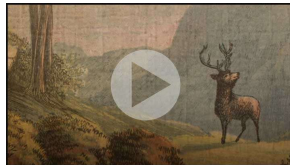
DISASSEMBLING YOUR RIFLE



WARNING

Disassembly

Always unload a firearm before cleaning, lubrication, disassembly or assembly.



View the accompanying video to this section on the online manual:
<https://glenfieldfirearms.com/manuals/>

It is preferable to carry out these procedures on a workbench or table that has a covered top. A piece of a shallow nap rug or an old, coarse blanket is an ideal covering. Such a covering not only reduces the chances of the rifle slipping and being scratched, but also it serves to trap pins, plungers, and springs that may otherwise get lost. It is advisable to have a container – such as a shoebox – in which each part can be placed as it is removed from the firearm. Before starting disassembly, remove any attached sling, scope, and rings.

Before attempting to disassemble the rifle for the first time, study the parts drawing and parts list at the end of this manual to become familiar with the relative position, appearance, and name of each part. Carry out the disassembly slowly and carefully and note the position of the part in the firearm before starting to remove it. (Taking pictures with your cell phone during disassembly can prove very helpful.) If a part is under spring tension (such as the magazine catch) remove it cautiously and anticipate the direction the spring and plunger are most likely to “jump.”

1. Keep the rifle pointed in a safe direction!
2. Put the safety in the “SAFE” position if the firing pin is cocked.
3. Check to be certain that the chamber and magazine are empty, and remove the magazine.
4. Open the bolt and pull it to the rear while at the same time pressing on the rear of the bolt stop, which is located on the left side of the receiver. Remove the bolt fully from the rear of the receiver and release the bolt stop. For routing cleaning, the rifle does not need to be disassembled further.



Removing the bolt.

To Remove The Bolt Shroud:

NOTE: DO NOT ROTATE THE FIRING PIN BACK BEYOND THE POSITIONS SHOWN IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS. IF THE FIRING PIN BACK IS TURNED TOO FAR IN EITHER DIRECTION, IT WILL "FALL DOWN" TO THE BOTTOM OF THE COCKING CAMS. IT WILL TAKE SIGNIFICANT EFFORT, AND POSSIBLY THE USE OF HAND TOOLS OR A GRIPPING AID, TO RETURN THE FIRING PIN BACK TO THE CORRECT CAM NOTCHES. PLEASE NOTE THAT THE FIRING PIN BACK WILL ONLY ROTATE CLOCKWISE, RELATIVE TO THE BOLT BODY (WHEN VIEWED FROM THE REAR OF THE BOLT). BECAUSE THERE ARE DUAL COCKING CAMS, YOU MAY NEED TO ROTATE THE FIRING PIN BACK UP THE CAMS TWICE IN ORDER TO RETURN THE FIRING PIN BACK TO ITS PROPER POSITION.



Start with the bolt in the position shown. The lobe on the firing pin should be back is at rest in the notch on the cam.

**TURN BOLT SHROUD
CLOCKWISE
APPROXIMATELY 30°**

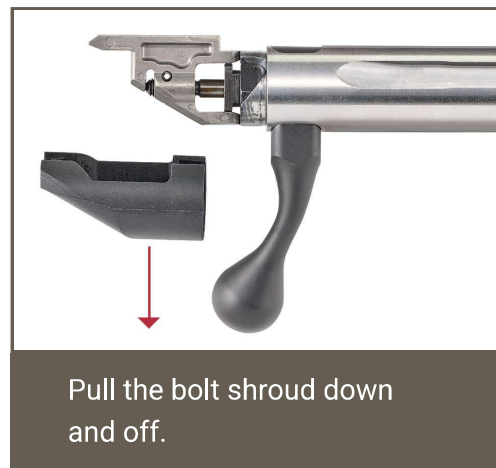


CENTER OF BOLT HANDLE

Grasp the outside of the bolt shroud and firing pin back and rotate them approximately 30° clockwise so the firing pin back lobe is aligned with the center of the bolt handle base.



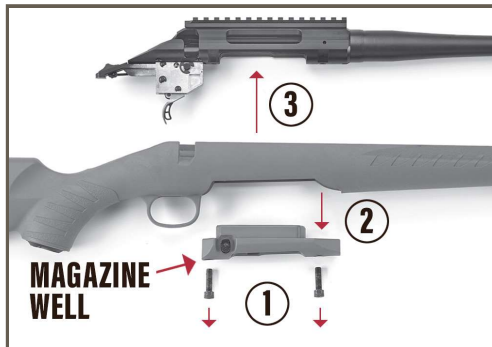
Pull the bolt shroud rearward.



Pull the bolt shroud down and off.

To Remove the Barreled Action from the Stock:

1. Use a 3/16" Allen wrench to loosen and remove the two hex screws in the bottom of the stock.
2. Remove the magazine well.
3. Lift the barreled action out of the stock.



Adjusting The Trigger Pull Weight

The trigger pull weight on the Model A rifle can be adjusted from approximately three pounds to approximately five pounds. It is suggested that you familiarize yourself with the trigger's pull weight by dry firing the rifle before live ammunition is loaded or fired, ensuring the magazine is removed, the chamber is empty, and the rifle remains pointed in a safe direction.

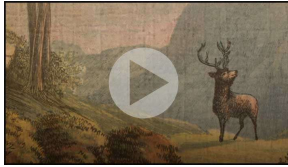
Always [check your rifle's function](#) after adjusting the trigger pull weight.

To access the pull weight set screw, remove the barreled action from the stock. The set screw is located on the outside, forward edge of the fire control housing. (See Pull Weight Set Screw.) The screw can be turned using a 3/32" Allen wrench. Note that the screw is treated with a thread locking compound that can make the screw difficult to turn. Threading the screw in (turning clockwise) will increase the trigger pull weight, threading the screw out (turning counterclockwise) will reduce the trigger pull weight. Approximately six full turns of the screw represents the entire range of trigger pull weight adjustability. Turning the screw beyond this amount will not further increase or decrease trigger pull weight, and turning the screw too far in may cause the trigger to bind and not function. Turning the screw too far out may prevent the barreled action from reassembling to the stock. **We suggest turning the screw in no more than 1/2 revolution increments and testing the pull weight before further adjustment is attempted.**



REASSEMBLING YOUR RIFLE

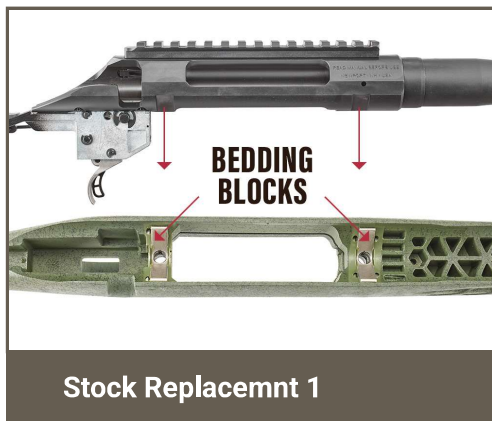
BE SURE RIFLE IS UNLOADED



View the accompanying video to this section on the online manual:
<https://glenfieldfirearms.com/manuals/>

To Replace The Stock:

1. Place the barreled-action assembly into the stock. Be certain the two angled bedding blocks in the stock fit into the corresponding grooves in the receiver. (See Stock Replacemnt 1.)
2. Insert the magazine well back into the bottom of the stock.
3. Loosely install the screws into the bottom of the stock and thread them into the barreled action, using the included allen wrench.
4. Alternate tightening each screw – a partial turn at a time – so that the screws are tightened equally until both are snugly tightened to 60-80 in-lbs. **Do not tighten one screw all the way and then the other.**



To Replace The Bolt Shroud:

1. With the bolt shroud held approximately 1/4" to the rear, insert it over the firing pin back. (See Bolt Shroud 1.)
2. Push the bolt shroud forward until it is flush with the bolt body. (See Bolt Shroud 2.)
3. Grasp the outside of the bolt shroud and firing pin back and rotate them approximately 30° counterclockwise (See Bolt Shroud 3) so the firing pin back lobe is at rest inside the notch on the cam. (See Bolt Shroud 4.)

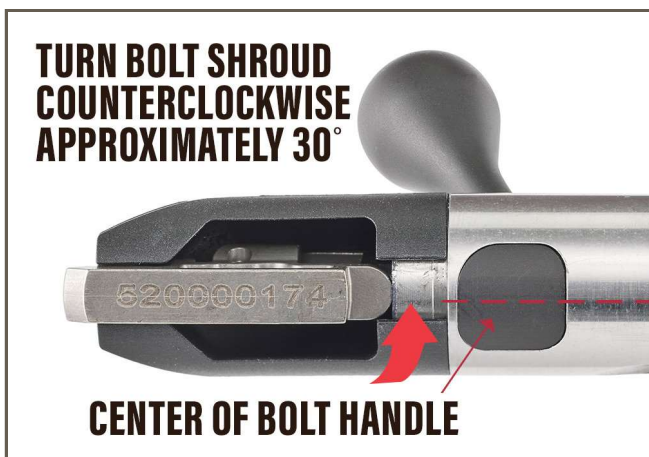
NOTE: The firing pin back must be aligned with the center of the bolt handle to reinstall the bolt shroud. (See Bolt Shroud 3.)



Bolt Shroud 1



Bolt Shroud 2



Bolt Shroud 3



Bolt Shroud 4

NOTE: Do not rotate the firing pin back beyond the positions shown in these instructions. If the firing pin back is turned too far in either direction, it will “fall down” to the bottom of the cocking cams. It will take significant effort, and possibly the use of hand tools or a gripping aid, to return the firing pin back to the correct cam notches. Because there are dual cocking cams, you may need to rotate the firing pin back (clockwise) up the cams twice in order to return the firing pin back to its proper position.

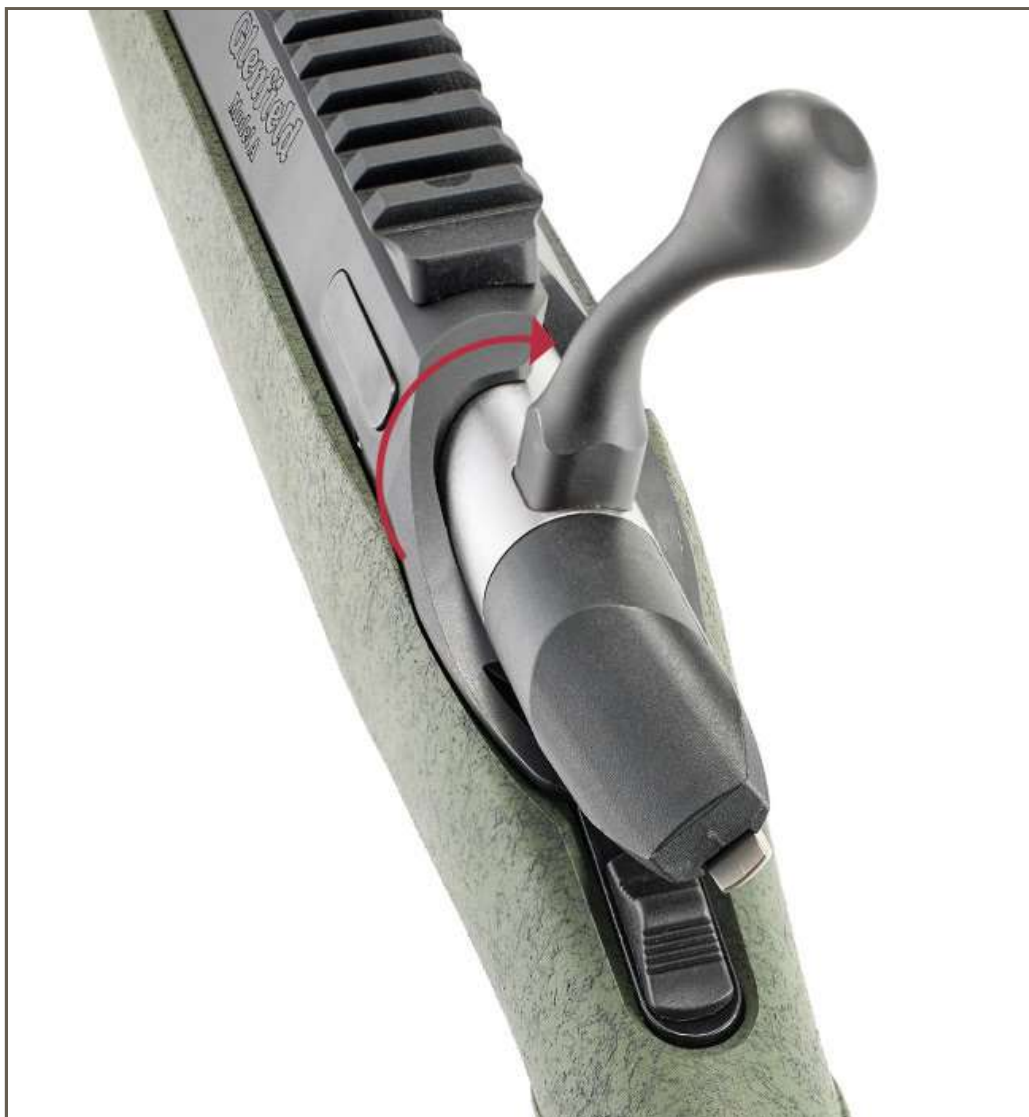
To Replace The Bolt

1. Ensure that the chamber is empty and no magazine is inserted!
Keep the rifle pointed in a safe direction! Put the safety selector in the “SAFE” position.
2. With the bolt positioned so the firing pin back is at the 12 o'clock position (See Bolt Replacement 1), and the bolt head away from you, insert the bolt into the receiver.
3. As the bolt handle gets closer to the receiver, rotate the bolt to the right so that the bolt handle is aligned with the bolt channel on the

- right hand side of the receiver. (See Bolt Replacement 2.)
4. Push the bolt fully forward, then rotate the bolt handle down to lock the bolt closed. (See Bolt Replacement 3.)
 5. Cycle the bolt to ensure it is moving smoothly within the receiver.



Bolt Replacement 1



Bolt Replacement 2



Bolt Replacement 3

NOTE REGARDING ACCURACY: The accuracy of any rifle can vary depending upon the caliber and type of cartridges used. If your Model A rifle does not perform to expectations, it is advisable to first try several brands and types of cartridges to determine which one delivers the best accuracy. If your rifle still is not as "accurate" as you believe it should be, run the following checks:

1. Be certain the two bedding screws are snugly tightened to 60-80 in-lbs. as described in Step 4, of the "To Replace The Stock" instructions above.
2. Be certain the bore is clean and free from accumulated metal fouling, deposited by metal jacketed and lead bullets. Review the ["Care and Cleaning"](#) section.
3. Check the scope base and scope ring screws for tightness, setting, and alignment.
4. DO NOT alter the stock bedding in any way. Do not scrape away polymer or bed the stock with "glass," plastic, epoxy, etc. **Once a rifle**

stock has been altered, it cannot be reworked by our Customer Service Department.

If everything is tight, the bore is clean, the scope is properly aligned and secure, but the accuracy problem persists, please contact our [Customer Service Department](#) or call 336-949-5200. Fully describe all circumstances and conditions involved.

CHECKING YOUR RIFLE'S FUNCTION

Periodic inspection of any firearm is important to ensuring its safe operation. It is important to clean and inspect your firearm after each range session or whenever the firearm has been exposed to sand, dust, moisture, humidity, or other adverse conditions. Proper maintenance increases the longevity of your firearm and will allow early detection of worn or broken parts.

Prior to each use, visually inspect the firearm to ensure no components are damaged, missing, loose, bent, cracked, chipped or peened. If you observe excessive wear, you should stop using your rifle and contact Customer Service or a trained, certified gunsmith to evaluate its condition and replace any worn parts, if necessary.

After any disassembly and reassembly, it is important to verify that the action is working correctly before any live firing is attempted.

To Check Your Rifle's Function:

1. BE SURE THERE IS NO AMMUNITION IN THE CHAMBER OR THE MAGAZINE AND KEEP THE RIFLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION!
2. Check the Bolt Function and Firing Pin Action: With the magazine removed, cycle the bolt open and closed three times. The bolt should operate smoothly and travel freely within the receiver without binding. Next, close the bolt and ensure that the safety is in the "FIRE" position. With the rifle pointed in a safe direction, pull the trigger and listen for the firing pin release 'click' as an indication the firing pin is functioning correctly. Repeat this process two more times.
3. Check the Safety: With the magazine removed, cycle the bolt into battery but do not dry fire the rifle.
 - Place the safety in the rearmost "SAFE" position and attempt to pull the trigger. With the safety in this position, the firing pin should NOT dry fire and the 'click' referenced above should NOT be heard.
 - Move the safety selector to the forward-most "FIRE" position. Pull the trigger. The firing pin should dry fire with a 'click' sound, and you should be able to cycle the bolt.
4. Check for Smooth Magazine Follower Movement: With the magazine removed from the rifle, use a small tool such as a pin punch, pen cap, or small screw driver to press the magazine follower (the formed plate in the magazine that pushes the cartridges upward for feeding) down and release it. The follower should freely move within the magazine and return to the top
5. Check Magazine Latching: With the bolt open, insert an EMPTY magazine into the magazine well and push the magazine until the latch is engaged. The latch should securely lock the magazine in place with a 'click.' Inspect the magazine to verify that it latched securely by pulling on it with moderate force without pressing the magazine release. The magazine should remain locked into the rifle.

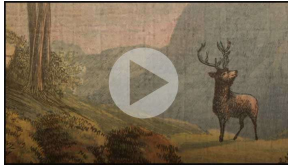
IF ANY OF THE ABOVE FUNCTION CHECKS FAIL, PLEASE CONSULT A COMPETENT GUNSMITH OR CONTACT CUSTOMER SERVICE AT 336-949-5200 FOR FURTHER FIREARM INSPECTION BEFORE USING THE FIREARM.

CARE AND CLEANING



WARNING

WARNING: BEFORE CLEANING, BE CERTAIN THE RIFLE AND ITS MAGAZINE ARE EMPTY.



View the accompanying video to this section on the online manual:
<https://glenfieldfirearms.com/manuals/>

A firearm must be free of rust, dirt, grease, and firing residues to function safely and reliably. Periodic maintenance, which includes inspection of components to determine if they are in proper working order, is absolutely essential. Firing the rifle deposits particles of bullet, lubricant, and powder in the bore, chamber, bolt, receiver, magazine, and other parts of the rifle. There is no fixed rule as to how frequently the cleaning should be carried out, but the alert firearm owner soon learns that any firearm functions most reliably and accurately when it is free of accumulations of grease and other firing residues.

Basic Cleaning Equipment Includes:

- Cleaning Rod
- Bore Brushes with a Tip on Which a Cloth Patch Can Be Inserted
- Patches
- Powder Solvent
- Lubricant
- Small, Lint-Free Cloths
- Toothbrush
- Commercially Available Bore Cleaning Solution

CAUTION: THE USE OF CAUSTIC OR ACETONE-BASED CLEANERS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED AS THE SOLVENT MAY HARM THE FINISHED SURFACES, PLASTICS, LAMINATES, COMPOSITES, RUBBER PADS, OR OTHER MATERIALS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF YOUR FIREARM. BEFORE CLEANING YOUR FIREARM, ALWAYS TEST THE CLEANING AGENT/SOLUTION IN AN INCONSPICUOUS AREA ON ANY PART YOU ARE GOING TO CLEAN WITH IT (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE STOCK AND EXTERIOR PORTIONS OF THE BARREL AND RECEIVER) TO ENSURE IT WILL NOT HARM THE FINISH. NEVER USE AUTOMOTIVE OR PAINT STRIPPING PRODUCTS TO CLEAN YOUR FIREARM.

NOTE: FOR ROUTINE CLEANING, IT IS NECESSARY ONLY TO REMOVE THE BOLT AND MAGAZINE.

To Clean The Rifle:

1. Push-pull a properly sized, solvent-wetted patch through the bore several times. Larger sized patches will bind in the bore and can be very difficult to remove.
2. Using a solvent-wetted brush, run it the full length of the bore as many times as is necessary to completely remove all foreign matter from the bore and chamber.

NOTE: INSERT THE ROD FROM THE CHAMBER END OF THE BARREL AND PUSH FIRMLY SO THE BRUSH OR PATCH EMERGES FROM THE MUZZLE. DON'T REVERSE THE ROD WHEN A BRUSH OR PATCH IS BEING USED BEFORE THE BRUSH OR PATCH EXITS THE MUZZLE – IT MAY BIND. DON'T USE PATCHES OR BRUSHES DRIPPING WITH SOLVENT OR OIL. USE ROD AND BRUSHES WITH CARE SO AS NOT TO DAMAGE THE FIREARM.

3. Dry the bore with clean patches and examine it. If the bore remains fouled, repeat the brushing.
4. Complete the cleaning by dry patch wiping the bore and chamber.
5. Use a clean, solvent-wetted patch to remove firing residue and dirt from all “reachable” surfaces inside the receiver.
6. Use the solvent-wetted toothbrush to dislodge caked dirt from all parts of the bolt assembly and from surfaces inside the receiver that can't be reached with a patch.
7. Use cleaning patches or the cloth to remove the solvent.
8. If lifting the bolt handle becomes difficult or requires more force than usual, remove the bolt shroud ([See Disassembly step 4](#)) and clean and lubricate the bolt cocking cam surfaces.
9. Wipe all surfaces – internal and external – with a very light coat of oil. Oil and similar preparations “collect” dirt particles which can interfere with reliable functioning of the rifle. Therefore, use these preparations very sparingly. A drop of oil applied to the bolt assembly components, the pivot points of the trigger mechanism, the safety, the bolt stop and the magazine latch, will work into all the parts that need lubrication.
10. While cleaning the stock, avoid the use of cleaning solvents containing acetone, as they can damage the finish of your stock, particularly if the stock has a painted finish or camo-dipped pattern.
11. Reassemble the rifle and carefully wipe off all excess solvent, lubrication and preservative preparations from the rifle.
12. If the rifle will be stored for an extended period, clean the rifle thoroughly. Disassemble to the extent described in the Disassembly section of the manual, taking care to put pins and similar easily mislaid and “rolling” components in a tray. Re-wipe all surfaces with preservative oil. Reassemble and store properly.



WARNING

Lubrication

Firing a rifle with oil, grease, or any other material even partially obstructing the bore may result in damage to the rifle and serious injury to the shooter and those nearby. Do not spray or apply lubricants directly on ammunition. If the powder charge of a cartridge is affected by the lubricant, it may not be ignited, but the energy from the primer may be sufficient to push the bullet into the bore where it may become lodged. Firing a subsequent bullet onto the obstructed bore may damage the rifle and cause serious injury or death to the shooter and those nearby. Use lubricants properly. You are responsible for the proper care and maintenance of your firearm.

MAINTAINING STAINLESS COMPONENTS

Firearms and components made of stainless steel are relatively more resistant to corrosion than those of blued steel. However, in the interest of proper operation and longevity of stainless steel firearms and components, inspect them frequently and clean, lubricate and apply an appropriate rust preventative. Sometimes, discoloration occurs from perspiration or from contact with some types of firearm cases. Rusting may occur as a result of the firearm being exposed to moisture, salt air or chemicals.

Minor discoloration can usually be removed by rubbing the stainless area with an abrasive ink eraser, crocus cloth, or a "metal polishing" compound. When using any of these abrasives, proceed with care and use light pressure to achieve a blending of "color" with those areas that are not discolored.

External surfaces most subject to rusting from handling, or from exposure to the elements, should be cleaned and wiped dry after use or after exposure to adverse conditions. If the rifle is to be stored, coat it with a light film of oil or preservative. If the rifle is in regular use, and the presence of oil or grease is objectionable, the external surfaces can be coated (after cleaning and drying) with a paste wax formulated for use on metals. Apply the wax sparingly, allow time for it to dry hard, then buff lightly with a soft cloth. When applying the wax, take care that it does not get into the mechanism, on the functioning parts or in the bore.

MAINTAINING YOUR CERAKOTE FINISH

Firearms and components, both metal and polymer, may be finished with Cerakote. Cerakote is a polymer-ceramic composite coating that provides an attractive, durable, corrosion, and chemical-resistant surface on your rifle. These finishes vary in color and composition, but all provide excellent protection when properly maintained.

Cerakote can be cleaned using a soft brush or rag and mild solvent or detergents to remove soil and fouling from the surface. Do not use hard metallic brushes or aggressive solvents that might damage the finish or underlying material.

Finish by applying a light coating of gun oil on all surfaces with a soft rag or patch.

GLENFIELD MAGAZINES

Magazines for your Model A Rifle may be purchased at [ShopRuger.com](https://shopruger.com) or your local independent retailer of Glenfield firearms.

SCOPE RINGS

The Model A rifle is drilled and tapped for standard Weaver #46 scope bases which accept a variety of scope rings. Please follow the instructions provided with your rings and bases.

THREADED BARREL

Care has been taken to ensure that threads are concentric to the bore to allow mounting of common muzzle devices. Factory installed muzzle devices are most commonly secured to a torque setting against the shoulder of the barrel or by use of a jam nut to maintain device timing.

For other muzzle devices, ensure the correct thread diameter and pitch and bore size larger than the caliber of the rifle, and follow the manufacturer's recommended installation instructions.

Most threads are common across a wide range of calibers, with some exceptions as noted. If something does not feel right in the first revolution of device installation, stop and inspect both the device and muzzle to avoid damage to the device or threads. For calibers not specifically listed, call Ruger Customer Service at 336-949-5200.

Thread Patterns

Caliber(s)	Thread Pattern
223 Rem; 5.56 NATO; 350 Legend	1/2"-28
243 Win; 6mm Creedmoor; 6.5mm Creedmoor; 6.5 Grendel; 6.5mm PRC; 7mm-08; 7mm Rem Mag; 7mm PRC; 270 Win; 308 Win; 30-06 Sprg; 300 Win Mag; 338 Win Mag	5/8"-24
400 Legend; 450 Bushmaster	11/16"-24



WARNING

Muzzle Devices

Ensure that all muzzle devices installed on the rifle are intended for use on firearms chambered in the caliber marked on the barrel. Failure to do so may result in injury and damage to your rifle.

STORAGE

Firearms Should Not Be Stored Loaded!

USE THE LOCKING DEVICE SUPPLIED WITH THE RIFLE TO RENDER IT INOPERATIVE FOR SAFE STORAGE. [SEE LOCKING DEVICES](#)



WARNING

Storage

- Never place or store any firearm in such a manner that it may be dislodged.
- Firearms should always be stored securely and unloaded, separate from ammunition, and away from children and unauthorized adults.
- Use the locking device supplied with the rifle for storage. The use of a locking device or safety lock is only one aspect of responsible firearms storage.
- Do not store the rifle in a leather case or scabbard. Leather attracts moisture, even though it may appear to be dry.

SERVICE AND PARTS POLICY

If you have any questions regarding the performance of your Model A rifle, please contact [Customer Service](#) or call 336-949-5200. Fully describe all circumstances and conditions involved. If you should need to return your rifle to the factory for repair, or order parts for it, please comply with the information in the following sections.

SHIPPING FIREARMS FOR REPAIR



WARNING

BEFORE SHIPPING ANY FIREARM, BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT THE FIREARM AND ITS MAGAZINE ARE UNLOADED. DO NOT SHIP AMMUNITION WITH A FIREARM.

NOTE: You must obtain a Repair Authorization Number before returning your firearm. An authorization number can be obtained by contacting [Customer Service](#) or calling the Customer Service Department at 336-949-5200. Firearms should be sent prepaid. We will not accept collect shipments.

The Federal Gun Control Act, as well as the laws of most states and localities, do not prohibit an individual (who is not otherwise barred from purchasing or possessing a firearm) from shipping a firearm directly to the manufacturer for repair. However, before you ship your firearm to us, be certain that your state or locale does not have a law or regulation that will prohibit you from receiving the firearm (or any included magazines) from us after repair. If such receipt is prohibited, please have a federally licensed firearms dealer ship the firearm to us. If your firearm is sent to us by a dealer, it will be returned to that dealer after being repaired. If a handgun (pistol or revolver) is shipped by an individual who does not hold a Federal Firearms License, it must be shipped for overnight delivery via U.P.S., Federal Express or other, similar private overnight service.

NOTE: Persons who do not hold a Federal Firearms License are prohibited by Federal law from shipping a handgun by U.S. Mail. Handguns mailed in violation of the law may be impounded or confiscated by the Post Office and the non-FFL may be subject to prosecution. Rifles and shotguns may be shipped via U.S. Mail.

Please do not include rifle cases, slings, telescopic sights, or custom accessories with a firearm being shipped to the factory for service. **DO NOT SEND FIREARM BOXES OR LITERATURE THAT YOU CONSIDER TO BE COLLECTOR'S ITEMS.** Always insure your shipment.

All work performed is subject to a minimum labor charge and charges for shipping and handling. Most models can be refinished, but custom gunsmithing service or nonstandard alterations are NOT AVAILABLE from Customer Service. Please contact the [Customer Service](#) for pricing information.



WARNING

Parts Purchaser

- It is the purchaser's responsibility to be absolutely certain that any parts ordered from the factory are correctly fitted and installed.
- Firearms are complicated mechanisms and **IMPROPER FITTING OF PARTS MAY RESULT IN A DANGEROUS MALFUNCTION, DAMAGE TO THE FIREARM, AND SERIOUS INJURY TO THE SHOOTER AND OTHER PERSONS. PARTS MUST FIT CORRECTLY**
- The purchaser and installer of parts must accept full responsibility for the correct adjustment and functioning of the firearm after such installation.

ORDERING PARTS

Please contact our Customer Service Department at 336-949-5200 for parts availability and current prices or use our [Online Support Request](#) to request for assistance with your firearm.

Payment in full via credit card (Visa, MasterCard, Discover or American Express), money order, or certified bank check (no personal checks or cash, please) is required before any service will be performed. All parts orders are subject to a minimum charge and charges for shipping and handling. There is a minimum charge plus a shipping and handling charge for non-warranty factory fit parts. All factory fit parts are fit on an exchange basis only. We will not return the replaced parts. Please contact the Customer Service Department for pricing information.

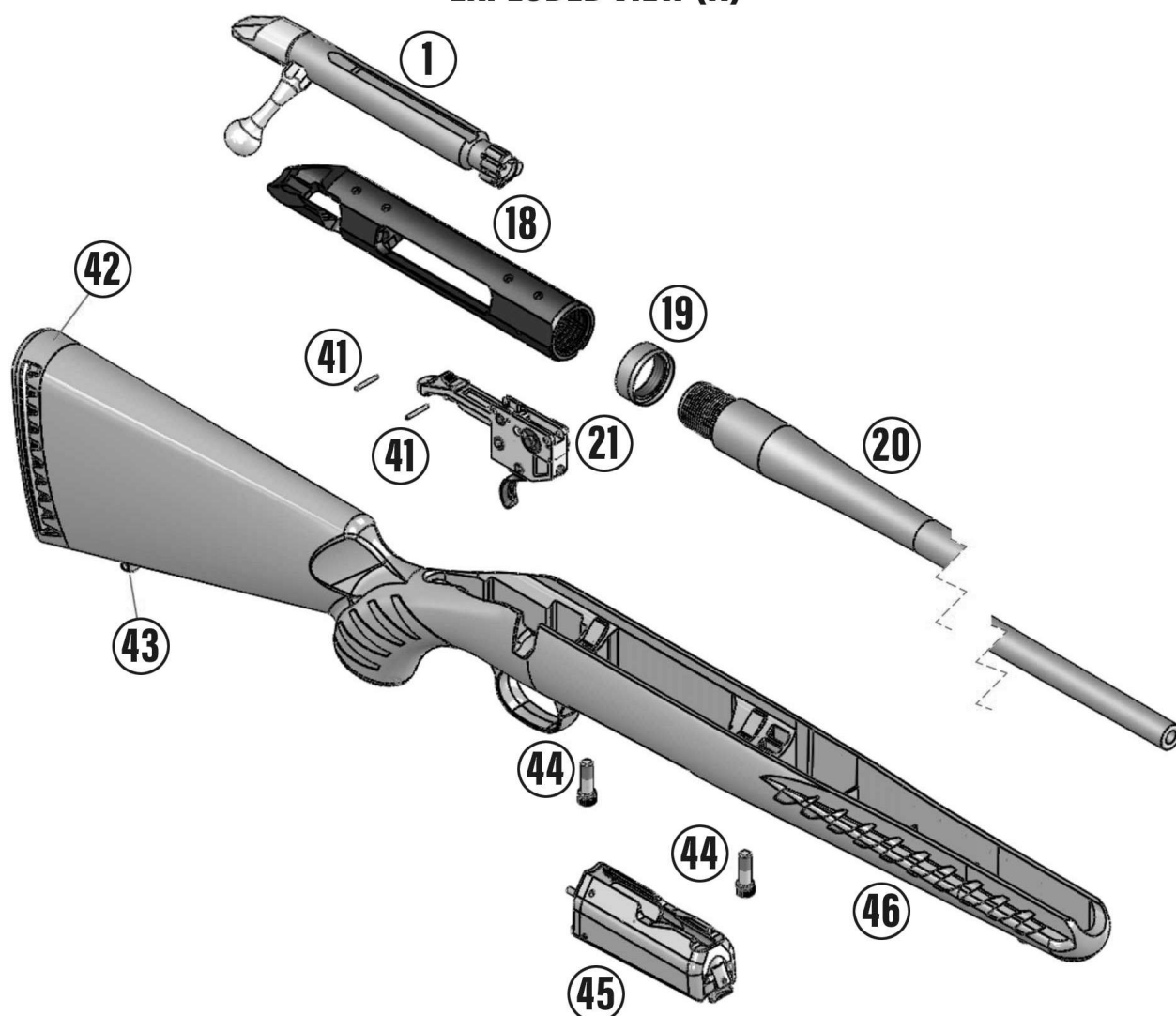
Because the receiver of the Model A rifle is a serial numbered component, it is defined as a "firearm" by Federal law and is not sold as a separate component.

Parts designated by an asterisk must be factory fit. These parts are fit on an exchange basis only. We will not return the replaced parts. We will not return any part that is broken, malfunctioning, badly worn or has been modified.

WARNING: A FIREARM CONTAINING BROKEN, MALFUNCTIONING, OR BADLY WORN PARTS SHOULD NOT BE FIRED.

PARTS LIST / EXPLODED VIEWS

EXPLODED VIEW (A)



**1 Bolt / Firing Pin Assembly
(Complete)**

Includes Key Numbers 2-17

See Exploded View (B)

Item must be factory fit

18 Receiver

*The receiver is not separately
offered for sale*

19 Barrel Nut

20 Barrels

21 Trigger Assembly (Complete)

Includes Key Numbers 22-40

See Exploded View (C)

41 Trigger Housing Pin
2 Required

42 Recoil Pad

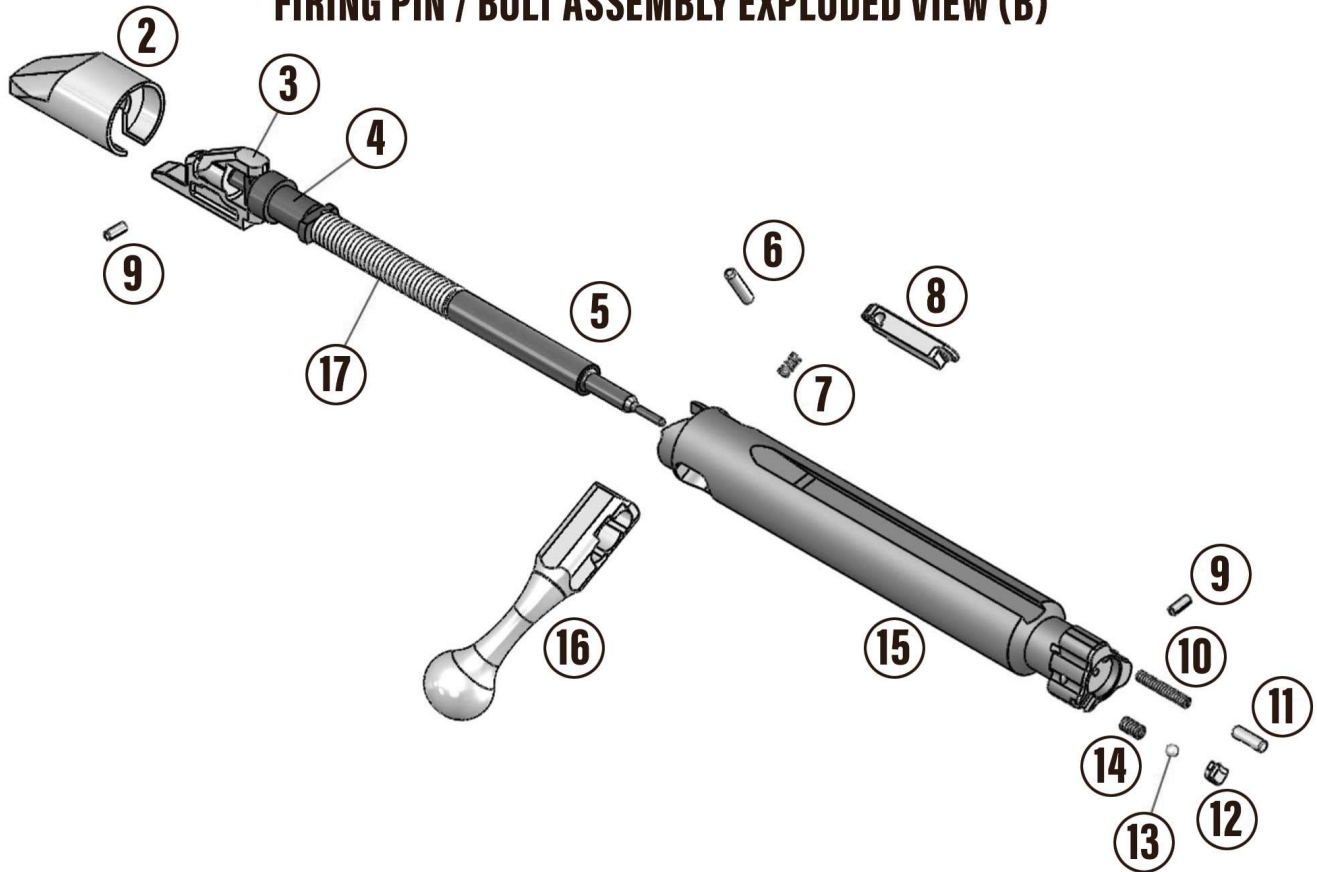
43 Sling Swivel Stud

44 Action Screws
2 Required

45 Magazine

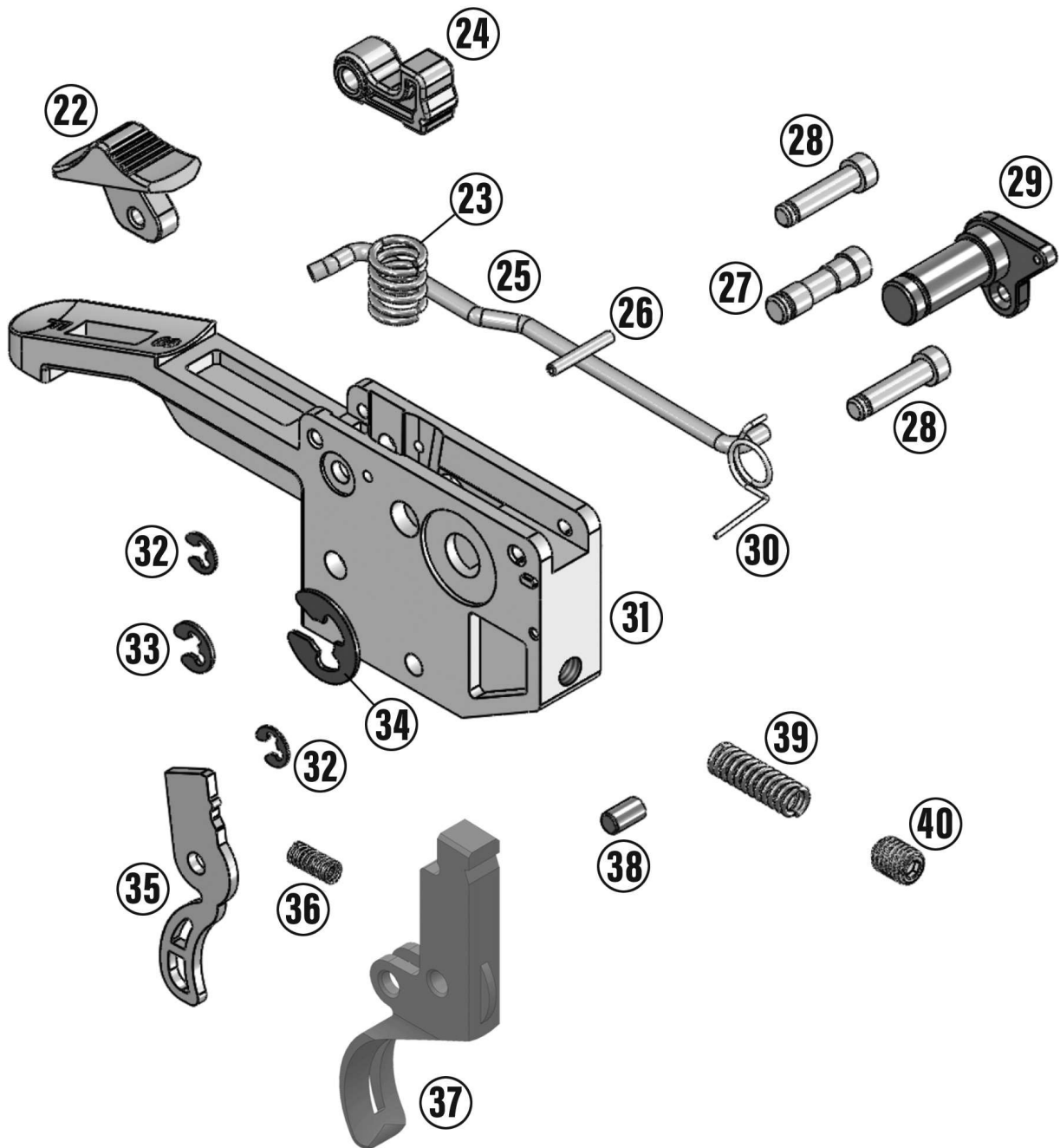
46 Stock Assembly

FIRING PIN / BOLT ASSEMBLY EXPLODED VIEW (B)



- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2 Bolt Shroud | 11 Ejector Plunger, Short Action |
| 3 Firing Pin Back | 12 Extractor |
| 4 Firing Pin Spring Stop | 13 Extractor Ball |
| 5 Firing Pin | 14 Extractor Spring |
| 6 Bolt Stop Pin | 15 Bolt Body |
| 7 Bolt Stop Spring | <i>Item must be factory fit</i> |
| 8 Bolt Stop Lever | 16 Bolt Handle |
| 9 Ejector/Firing Pin Back Pin | 17 Firing Pin Spring |
| 10 Ejector Spring | |
-

TRIGGER ASSEMBLY (C)



22 Safety Button

23 Sear Spring

24 Sear
Item must be factory fit

25 Safety Link
Item must be factory fit

26 Sear Stop Pin

27 Trigger Block Pin
Item must be factory fit

28 Trigger Sear Pin
2 Required

29 Safety Shaft

32 Trigger Sear Pin E-Clip
2 Required

33 Trigger Block Pin E-Clip

34 Safety Shaft E-Clip

35 Trigger Release
Item must be factory fit

36 Trigger Release Spring

37 Trigger
Item must be factory fit

38 Trigger Release Pin

39 Trigger Spring

Item must be factory fit

40 Trigger Adjustment Screw

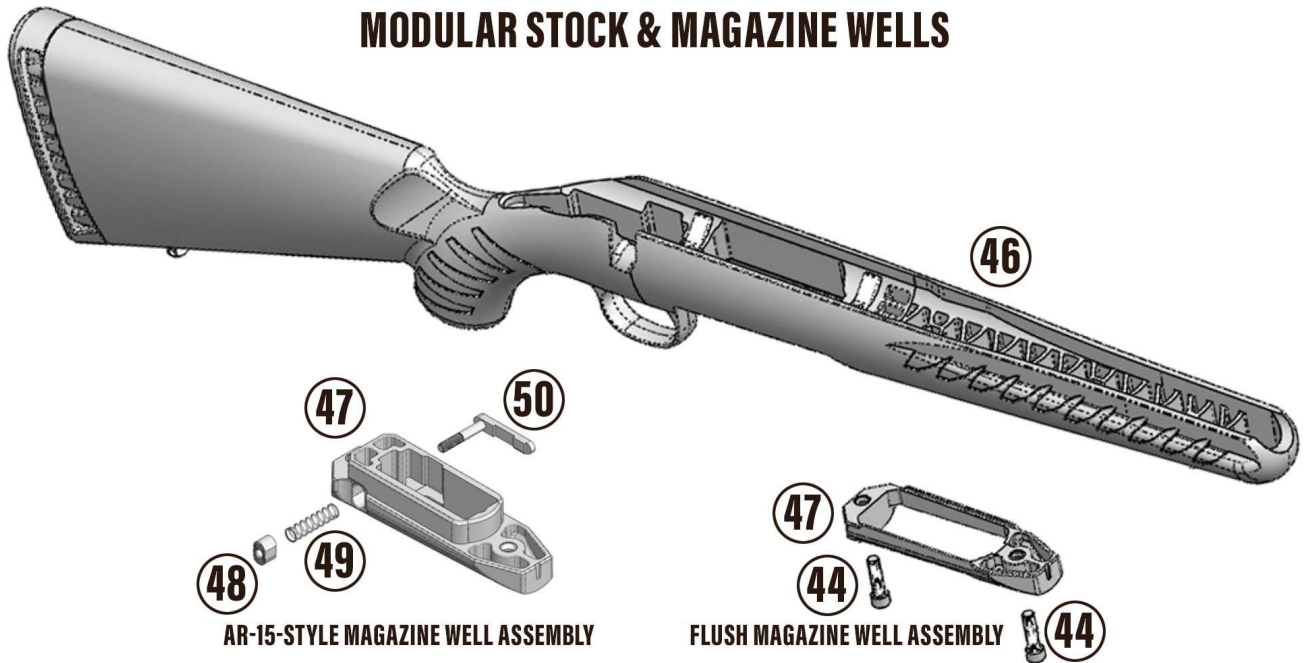
30 Safety Spring

Item must be factory fit

31 Trigger Housing

Item must be factory fit

MODULAR STOCK & MAGAZINE WELLS



44 Action Screws

2 Required

46 Stock Assembly

47 Magazine Well

48 Magazine Button - AR-Style
Magazine Well

49 Magazine Latch Spring

50 Magazine Latch Pin

SAFE HANDLING

We believe that Americans have a right to purchase and use firearms for lawful purposes. The private ownership of firearms in America is traditional, but that ownership imposes the responsibility on firearm owners to use their firearms in a way that will ensure their own safety and that of others. When firearms are used in a safe and responsible manner, they are a great source of pleasure and satisfaction, and represent a fundamental part of our personal liberty.

Firearms do not cause accidents! Firearms accidents are almost always found to have been the result of carelessness or ignorance on the part of the shooter of the basic rules of safe firearm handling.

The following rules must be observed by firearm users at all times. Safe firearm handling is not just desirable, it is absolutely essential to your safety, the safety of others, and the continuation of firearm ownership and sport shooting as we know it today.

1. LEARN THE MECHANICAL AND HANDLING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FIREARM YOU ARE USING.

Not all firearms are the same. The method of carrying and handling firearms varies in accordance with the mechanical provisions for avoiding accidental discharge and the various proper procedures for loading and unloading. No one should handle any firearm without first having thoroughly familiarized themselves with the particular type of firearm they are using, and with safe firearm handling in general.

2. ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

Be sure of the bullet stop behind your target, even when dry-firing. Never let the muzzle of a firearm point at any part of your body or at another person. This is particularly important when loading or unloading a firearm. In the event of an accidental discharge, no injury can occur as long as the muzzle is pointing in a safe direction. A safe direction means a direction that will not permit a discharged bullet to strike a person, or to strike an object from which the bullet may ricochet.

A safe direction must take into account the fact that a bullet may penetrate a wall, ceiling, floor, window, etc., and strike a person or damage property. Make it a habit to know exactly where the muzzle of your firearm is pointing whenever you handle it, and be sure that you are always in control of the direction in which the muzzle is pointing, even if you fall or stumble. Keep your finger off the trigger until you are ready to shoot.

3. FIREARMS SHOULD BE UNLOADED WHEN NOT IN USE.

Firearms should be loaded only when you are in the field or on the target range or shooting area, ready to shoot. Firearms and ammunition should be securely locked in safes, racks or cabinets, or by using the locking device supplied with the firearm, when not in use. Ammunition should safely be stored separate from firearms. Store your firearms out of sight of visitors and children. It is the firearm owner's responsibility to be certain that

children and persons unfamiliar with firearms cannot gain access to firearms, ammunition or components.

4. BE SURE THE BARREL IS CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS BEFORE SHOOTING.

Even a bit of mud, snow or excess lubricating oil or grease in the bore may cause the barrel to bulge, or even burst on firing, and can cause serious injury to the shooter and bystanders. Be sure that you are using ammunition of the proper caliber and loading for the firearm you are using. If the report or recoil on firing seems weak, or doesn't seem quite right, CEASE FIRING IMMEDIATELY, unload your firearm, and check to be sure that no obstruction has become lodged in the barrel. Never try to shoot out an obstruction!

5. BE SURE OF YOUR TARGET BEFORE YOU SHOOT.

Don't shoot unless you know exactly where your bullet is going to strike. Be sure of the bullet stop behind your target, even when dry-firing with an unloaded firearm. If you are in the field hunting, do not fire at a movement or noise. Take the time to be absolutely certain of your target before you pull the trigger.

6. WEAR SHOOTING GLASSES AND HEARING PROTECTION WHEN YOU SHOOT.

All shooters should wear protective shooting glasses and adequate hearing protection when shooting. Exposure to shooting noise can damage hearing, and wearing adequate eye protection when shooting is essential.

7. NEVER CLIMB A TREE OR FENCE WITH A LOADED FIREARM.

Put the firearm down carefully before climbing a fence, and unload it before climbing or descending a tree or jumping over a ditch or other obstruction. Never pull or push a loaded firearm toward yourself or another person. When in doubt, or whenever you are about to do anything awkward, unload your firearm!

8. DON'T SHOOT AT A HARD SURFACE OR AT WATER.

Bullets can glance off many surfaces like rocks or the surface of water and travel in unpredictable directions with considerable velocity.

9. NEVER TRANSPORT A LOADED FIREARM.

Firearms should always be unloaded before being moved or placed in a vehicle. A suitable carrying case or scabbard should be used to carry an unloaded firearm to and from the shooting area.

10. AVOID ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES WHEN SHOOTING.

Don't drink until the day's shooting is over. Handling firearms while under the influence of alcohol in any form, or medications that could affect your judgement or coordination, constitutes a criminal disregard for the safety of others.

WARRANTY

WHY NO WARRANTY CARD HAS BEEN PACKED WITH THIS NEW GLENFIELD FIREARM

The Magnuson-Moss Act (Public Law 93-637) does not require any seller or manufacturer of a consumer product to give a written warranty. It does provide that if a written warranty is given, it must be designated as "limited" or as "full" and sets minimum standards for a "full" warranty. Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. has elected not to provide any written warranty, either "limited" or "full," rather than to attempt to comply with the provisions of the Magnuson-Moss Act and the regulations issued thereunder. There are certain implied warranties under state law with respect to sales of consumer goods. As the extent and interpretation of these implied warranties varies from state to state, you should refer to your state statutes. Sturm, Ruger & Company wishes to assure its customers of its continued interest in providing service to owners of Glenfield firearms.

SAFETY AND WARNINGS

STATE-BY-STATE WARNINGS

Certain states require by law that their own specified warning notices in larger-than-normal type be conspicuously included by the manufacturer, distributor or retailer with firearms sold in that state. Sturm, Ruger & Co., Inc. sells its products in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Because our products may be sold in these states, we include the following:



WARNING

"Firearms must be handled responsibly and securely stored to prevent access by children and other unauthorized users.

California has strict laws pertaining to firearms, and you may be fined or imprisoned if you fail to comply with them. Visit the Web site of the California Attorney General at

<https://oag.ca.gov/firearms> for information on firearm laws applicable to you and how you can comply.

Prevent child access by always keeping guns locked away and unloaded when not in use. If you keep a loaded firearm where a child obtains and improperly uses it, you may be fined or sent to prison.

If you or someone you know is contemplating suicide, please call the national suicide prevention lifeline at 1-800-273-TALK (8255)."



ADVERTENCIA

"Las armas de fuego deben manipularse de manera responsable y segura para evitar el acceso de niños y otros usuarios no autorizados.

California tiene leyes estrictas relacionadas con armas de fuego, y usted puede ser multado o encarcelado si no las cumple.

Visite el sitio web del Procurador General de California en <https://oag.ca.gov/firearms> para obtener información sobre las leyes de armas de fuego que le son aplicables y cómo puede cumplirlas.

A los niños los atraen las armas de fuego y las pueden hacer funcionar. Ellos pueden causarse lesiones graves y la muerte. Evite que los niños tengan acceso a las armas de fuego guardándolas siempre con llave y descargadas cuando no las esté utilizando. Si usted tiene un arma de fuego cargada en un lugar en que un niño tiene acceso a ella y la usa indebidamente, le pueden dar una multa o enviarlo a la cárcel.

Si usted o alguien que conoce
está pensando en suicidarse,
llame a la línea nacional de
prevención del suicidio al 1-800-
273-TALK (8255)."

CONNECTICUT

"UNLAWFUL STORAGE OF A LOADED FIREARM
MAY RESULT IN IMPRISONMENT OR FINE."

FLORIDA

"IT IS UNLAWFUL, AND PUNISHABLE BY
IMPRISONMENT AND FINE, FOR ANY ADULT TO
STORE OR LEAVE A FIREARM IN ANY PLACE
WITHIN THE REACH OR EASY ACCESS OF A
MINOR UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE OR TO
KNOWINGLY SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER
OWNERSHIP OR POSSESSION OF A FIREARM
TO A MINOR OR A PERSON OF UNSOUND
MIND."

MASSACHUSETTS

"WARNING FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS ATTORNEY GENERAL: This handgun is not equipped with a device that fully blocks use by unauthorized users. More than 200,000 firearms like this one are stolen from their owners every year in the United States. In addition, there are more than a thousand suicides each year by younger children and teenagers who get access to firearms. Hundreds more die from accidental discharge. It is likely that many more children sustain serious wounds, or inflict such wounds accidentally on others. In order to limit the chance of such misuse, it is imperative that you keep this weapon locked in a secure place and take other steps necessary to limit the possibility of theft or accident. Failure to take reasonable preventive steps may result in innocent lives being lost, and in some circumstances may result in your liability for these deaths.

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO STORE OR KEEP A FIREARM, RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR MACHINE GUN IN ANY PLACE UNLESS THAT WEAPON IS EQUIPPED WITH A TAMPER-RESISTANT SAFETY DEVICE OR IS STORED OR KEPT IN A SECURELY LOCKED CONTAINER."

NEW JERSEY

"IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE, PUNISHABLE BY A FINE AND IMPRISONMENT, FOR AN ADULT TO LEAVE A LOADED FIREARM WITHIN EASY ACCESS OF A MINOR."

NEW YORK

"THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE FIREARM STORAGE. FOR INCREASED SAFETY, FIREARMS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."

NORTH CAROLINA

"Any person who resides in the same premises as a minor, owns or possesses a firearm, and stores or leaves the firearm (i) in a condition that the firearm can be discharged and (ii) in a manner that the person knew or should have known that an unsupervised minor would be able to gain access to the firearm, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor if a minor gains access to the firearm without the lawful permission of the minor's parents or a person having charge of the minor and the minor:

1. Possesses it in violation of G.S. 14-269.2(b);
2. Exhibits it in a public place in a careless, angry, or threatening manner;
3. Causes personal injury or death with it not in self defense; or
4. Uses it in the commission of a crime."

WASHINGTON

"(i) CAUTION: Although state and local laws do not differ, federal law and state law on the possession of firearms differ. If you are prohibited by federal law from possessing a firearm, you may be prosecuted in federal court. State permission to purchase a firearm is not a defense to a federal prosecution;

(ii) CAUTION: The presence of a firearm in the home has been associated with an increased risk of death to self and others, including an increased risk of suicide, death during domestic violence incidents, and unintentional deaths to children and others."

WISCONSIN

"IF YOU LEAVE A LOADED FIREARM WITHIN THE REACH OR EASY ACCESS OF A CHILD YOU MAY BE FINED OR IMPRISONED OR BOTH IF THE CHILD IMPROPERLY DISCHARGES, POSSESSES, OR EXHIBITS THE FIREARM."

Please check with your licensed retailer or state police for additional warnings which may be required by local law or regulation. Such regulations change constantly, and local authorities are in the best position to advise you on such legal matters.

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